

Last year, the Commission's final report was published. It made a number of recommendations which were considered by all interested parties.

Lord Hutton was appointed to chair the Independent Public Service Pensions Commission in order to look into how public service pensions could be made sustainable and affordable in

Following the acceptance (in December 2011) by Government of a principles document submitted by the Local Government Association (LGA), UNISON and GMB on how to take forward the reform of the LGPS in England and Wales, the LGPS 2014 project was set up to reach agreement on the elements of the new scheme, together with the management and governance of the scheme going forward.

On 31 May 2012 the Local Government Association (LGA) and trade unions announced the outcome of their negotiations on new LGPS proposals (for England and Wales). The new Scheme will take effect from 1 April 2014.

These proposals are now being communicated to scheme members, employers, funds, and other interested parties. Unions will consult their members over these proposals and the LGA will consult employers.

The Government has said that a favourable outcome of these consultations would allow them to move directly to a statutory consultation this autumn, so that LGPS 2014 can be developed.

You can find detailed information about all aspects of the proposals within this newsletter and by visiting our website. A summary of the proposals can be found at the end of this newsletter.

The Pensions Team are unable to produce quotes based on the proposals. We should be able to provide quotes once the Regulations are in place (expected March/April 2013) and our pensions administration software updated (± Autumn 2013).

For more information:

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Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS 2014 proposals







The new scheme benefits will apply from 1 April 2014. All benefits in payment or built up before 1 April 2014 are protected. If you are in receipt of a pension or have left with a deferred pension, the proposed changes will not affect those benefits.

Feature	LGPS 2008	LGPS 2014
Basis of Pension	Final Salary	Career Average Revalued Earnings (CARE)
Accrual Rate	1/60 th	1/49 th
Revaluation Rate	Benefits based on final salary	Consumer Price Index (CPI)
Pensionable Pay	Pay excluding non-contractual overtime and non-pensionable additional hours	Pay including non-contractual overtime and additional hours for part time staff
Contribution Flexibility	No	Yes, members can pay 50% contributions for 50% of the pension benefit
Normal Pension Age	65	Equal to the individual member's State Pension Age (minimum age 65)
Lump Sum Option	Trade £1 of pension for £12 lump sum	Trade £1 of pension for £12 lump sum
Death in Service Lump Sum	3 x pensionable pay	3 x pensionable pay
Death in Service Survivor Benefits	1/160th accrual based on Tier 1 ill health pension enhancement	1/160th accrual based on Tier 1 ill health pension enhancement
III Health Provision	Tier 1 - immediate payment with service enhanced to Normal Pension Age (65) Tier 2 - immediate payment of pension with 25% service enhancement to Normal Pension age (65) Tier 3 - temporary payment of pension for up to 3 years	Tier 1 - immediate payment with service enhanced to Normal Pension Age Tier 2 - immediate payment of pension with 25% service enhancement to Normal Pension age Tier 3 - temporary payment of pension for up to 3 years
Indexation of Pension in Payment	CPI (Retail Price Index for pre 2011 increases)	СРІ
Qualifying Period for benefits	3 months	2 years

Current LGPS 2008 compared to proposed LGPS 2014

What type of scheme will it be?

A Career Average Pension

It is proposed that the LGPS 2014 will be a career average scheme, often referred to as a CARE scheme or Career Average Re-valued Earnings scheme.

Like the current scheme, the proposed scheme remains a defined benefit pension scheme. This means that a member of the LGPS knows the level of benefit they are accruing each year and that the benefit has been based on a set formula.

In a final salary scheme it is the pensionable pay at the end of the period of membership that is used in the calculation of the pension benefit. What is proposed for LGPS 2014 is that the pensionable pay for each year is used to calculate the pension pot for that year and that pension pot is then revalued each year by inflation (CPI) until retirement.

How would my Pension be worked out?

Each year the pension pot accrued/built up will be calculated as follows:

Pension = Membership x $1/49^{th}$ x Pensionable Pay

All the preceeding years' revalued pension pots are then added together to arrive at the total annual pension. So the pension builds up as follows:

Pension for year 1 x inflation % (i.e. CPI revaluation)

- + Pension for year 2 x inflation %
- + Pension for year 3 x inflation %
- + <u>revalued pens</u>ion pot for each year until membership ends <u>Total Pension</u>

Example 1

Pension = 1 year x $1/49^{th}$ x £10,000 = £204.08 per annum (Membership x $1/49^{th}$ x Pensionable Pay)

You would normally expect your pay to increase each year and for this example we have assumed an increase of £500 each year. Also we have already said that each year the pension *"purchased"* will be increased by inflation.

Let us assume a rate of inflation of 3% per year. The example below shows the impact both of these have on the pension payable.

Year Pensionable Pension **Revalued pension** to 2018 Pay 2014 £10,000 £204.08 £229.70 2015 £10,500 £214.29 £234.16 2016 £11,000 £224.49 £238.16 2017 £11,500 £234.69 £241.73 £12,000 £244.90 2018 £244.90 Total £1,188.65 per year

Example 2

Will I still receive a tax free lump sum?

You will still be able to exchange some of your pension to provide a tax free lump sum at retirement. For every £1 of pension given up you will get £12 cash. Up to 25% of the LGPS benefit (including Additional Voluntary Contributions but subject to HMRC tax limits) can be traded in this way.

In example 2, assuming this is the member's only pension saving (other than the state pension), a maximum of \pounds 5,094.12 could be taken as a lump sum leaving a reduced annual pension of \pounds 764.14 (reduced from \pounds 1,188.00).

When can I retire?

Normal retirement age is when you can retire and receive an unreduced pension. Under the LGPS 2014, normal pension age will be linked to the age you can receive your state pension. This means that many members will see an increase in the age that they can take their pension without reduction.

Remember, however, that the benefits you have accrued prior to April 2014 can still be taken at age 65 and there are further protections for members who satisfy the rule of 85 and an underpinning of benefits for members within ten years of retirement.

It is also possible to retire early and get an LGPS pension at any age on or after your 55th birthday, but the pension will be reduced by a set amount depending on how many years before your normal pension age you wish to retire.

Do I have the flexibility to reduce my contibutions?

The proposed scheme introduces an option that allows employees eligible for membership of the LGPS to contribute less and receive a smaller benefit in return instead of opting out of the LGPS altogether. The option is not designed to be an alternative scheme or to replace long term membership of the full scheme.

The 50/50 option will work very simply. You can pay half rate contributions and receive half the benefit. Therefore, in example 2, the pension awarded would be £102.04 per year.

The 50/50 option will allow you to still retain the full value of other benefits such as the death in service lump sum.

How much will I pay in the new scheme?

Contribution rates for the majority of scheme members will not increase under the new proposals.

The new contribution bands take tax relief and level of income into account so that those in the top bands will see their net contribution rates after tax relief progressively increase as shown in the LGPS 2014 table below.

There is however, an important change to the way the contribution rates are assessed for part time employees.

Under the current scheme the percentage of pension contributions that you pay is based on the pay that you would receive if you worked full time. If, for example, your actual pay is £12,000 per year and you work 18.5/37 hours per week, the pay used to determine the percentage that you contribute to the pension scheme would be the full time pay for that job, which would be £24,000 per year. The contribution rate in the LGPS 2008 table below shows this to be 6.5%.

This means that you would pay contributions of 6.5% of your actual pay of £12,000. However, as a tax payer, the actual contributions paid in to the fund from your pay after tax relief would be 5.2% of your actual pay.

The proposals for the LGPS 2014 Scheme mean that the contribution rate will be assessed by reference to your actual part time earnings so taking the example given, this would mean that the contribution rate would reduce to 5.5% of your actual pay of £12,000 which would be 4.4% after tax relief.

Actual

Pensionable Pay

Up to £13,500

£13.501 to

LGPS 2008 (Current Scheme)			
Full Time Equivalent Pensionable Pay	Gross Contribution	Contribution after Tax Relief*	
Up to £13,500	5.5%	4.40%	
£13,501 to £15,800	5.8%	4.64%	
£15,801 to £20,400	5.9%	4.72%	
£20,401 to £34,000	6.5%	5.20%	
£34,001 to £45,000	6.8%	5.44%	
£45,001 to £85,300	7.2%	4.32%	
More than £85,300	7.5%	4.50% or 4.13%	

£21,000 £21,001 to 6.5% 5.20% £34,000 £34,001 to 6.8% 5.44% £43,000 £43,001 to 8.5% 5.10% £60,000 £60.001 to 9.9% 5.94% £85,000 £85.001 to 10.5% 6.30% £100,000 £100,001 to 11.4% 6.84% £150,000 More than 12.5% 6.88% £150,000

LGPS 2014 (New Scheme)

Gross

Contribution

5.5%

5.8%

Contribution

after Tax

Relief*

4.40%

4.64%

*Please note that the net contribution rates stated are approximate and will depend on individual members' circumstances.

Pay under the current scheme does not include non contractual overtime or additional casual hours undertaken by part time employees. The new scheme will take these elements into account in the assessment of the contribution rate, and in the calculation of your pension benefits.

What are my protections in the new scheme?

Members with service in the current final salary scheme will retain the link to final salary for all service before 1 April 2014 and the normal retirement age of 65. Your benefits under LGPS 1997 and LGPS 2008 will be calculated separately when you retire and be added to your benefits in the LGPS 2014 scheme.

To ensure that no member within ten years of age 65 as at 1 April 2012 is worse off, there will be an "underpin". This means that those members who would see a change in their benefits in that period will get a pension at least equal to that which they would have received in the current scheme.

If you currently qualify for the rule of 85 protections, these will continue to apply. Remember transitional protection will start to taper in 2016 until phasing out in 2020.

What happens if my employment is compulsorily transferred?

It is proposed that provisions of the current scheme will be extended to ensure that all staff whose employment is compulsorily transferred will still be able to retain membership of the LGPS when transferred.

Summary

Main benefit structure of the LGPS 2014:

- A Career Average Revalued Earnings (CARE) scheme, using CPI (the Consumer Prices Index) as the revaluation factor.
- There will be no normal scheme pension age (currently age 65); instead your Normal Pension Age (NPA) is your State Pension Age.
- More flexibility when you can retire; i.e. at any age on or after your 55th birthday but with your benefits reduced by a set amount depending on how many years before your NPA.
- The accrual rate has improved from 1/60th to 1/49th.
- The introduction of a 50/50 scheme where you can elect to pay 50% of contributions to receive 50% of benefits.
- Pensionable Pay will be actual pensionable pay to include non-contractual overtime and additional hours for part-time staff.
- Death in Service lump sum will be 3 x pensionable pay.
- Members will have to accrue two years pensionable service to receive a benefit.
- Benefits accrued prior to 1 April 2014 are protected.

What happens next?

This newsletter sets out the current proposals. Negotiations are continuing on ways of managing the future costs of the LGPS and ways to improve the wider governance of the Scheme. The plan is that the current proposals will form the basis of a set of draft regulations which are due out in the autumn. This will provide the opportunity for a formal consultation process prior to the regulations becoming law by April 2013.

The Pensions Team are unable to produce quotes based on the proposals.

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